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	Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and		Definition of Graduate Medical Education Graduate medical education is the crucial step of professional development between medical school and autonomous clinical practice. It is in this vital phase of the continuum of medical education that residents learn to provide optimal patient care under the supervision of faculty members who not only instruct, but serve as role models of excellence, compassion, cultural sensitivity, professionalism, and scholarship. Graduate medical education transforms medical students into physician scholars who care for the patient, patient's family, and a diverse community; create and integrate new knowledge into practice; and
	educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many		educate future generations of physicians to serve the public. Practice patterns established during graduate medical education persist many
		[None]	years later.
	Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.		Graduate medical education has as a core tenet the graded authority and responsibility for patient care. The care of patients is undertaken with appropriate faculty supervision and conditional independence, allowing residents to attain the knowledge, skills, attitudes, judgment, and empathy required for autonomous practice. Graduate medical education develops physicians who focus on excellence in delivery of safe, equitable, affordable, quality care; and the health of the populations they serve. Graduate medical education values the strength that a diverse group of physicians brings to medical care, and the importance of inclusive and psychologically safe learning environments.
	Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all		Graduate medical education occurs in clinical settings that establish the foundation for practice-based and lifelong learning. The professional development of the physician, begun in medical school, continues through faculty modeling of the effacement of self-interest in a humanistic environment that emphasizes joy in curiosity, problem-solving, academic rigor, and discovery. This transformation is often physically, emotionally, and intellectually demanding and occurs in a variety of clinical learning environments committed to graduate medical education and the well-being of patients, residents, fellows, faculty members, students, and all
		[None] - (Continued)	members of the health care team.

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	Definition of Specialty The osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residency program is a primary residency disciplined in the neuromusculoskeletal system, its comprehensive relationship to other organ systems, and its dynamic function of locomotion. The principle focus of the discipline is osteopathic and patient-centered; specifically, it embodies structural and functional interrelation, body unity, self-healing, and self-maintenance. Specialists in this discipline must interpret and demonstrate specialized knowledge of the basic and clinical sciences, clinical evaluation, and management of disorders of the neuromusculoskeletal system and its related visceral and somatic structures. Specialists in this discipline demonstrate		Definition of Specialty The osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residency program is a primary residency disciplined in the neuromusculoskeletal system, its comprehensive relationship to other organ systems, and its dynamic function of locomotion. The principle focus of the discipline is osteopathic and patient-centered; specifically, it embodies structural and functional interrelation, body unity, self-healing, and self-maintenance. Specialists in this discipline must interpret and demonstrate specialized knowledge of the basic and clinical sciences, clinical evaluation, and management of disorders of the neuromusculoskeletal system and its related visceral and somatic structures. Specialists in this discipline
Int.B.	knowledge of the indications, risks, and benefits of manipulative medicine in treatment of patients with neuromusculoskeletal disorders.	[None]	demonstrate knowledge of the indications, risks, and benefits of manipulative medicine in treatment of patients with neuromusculoskeletal disorders.
Int.C.	Length of Educational Program The educational program in osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine must	4.1.	Length of Educational Program The educational program in osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine must be 36 months in length. (Core)*
Int.C.1.	The educational program for a resident entering the program at the ONMM2 level must be 24 months in length. (Core)	4.1.a.	The educational program for a resident entering the program at the ONMM2 level must be 24 months in length. (Core)
Int.C.2	The educational program for a resident entering the program at the ONMM3 level must be 12 months in length. (Core)	4.1.b.	The educational program for a resident entering the program at the ONMM3 level must be 12 months in length. (Core)
I.	Oversight	Section 1	Section 1: Oversight
	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.	[None]	Sponsoring Institution The Sponsoring Institution is the organization or entity that assumes the ultimate financial and academic responsibility for a program of graduate medical education, consistent with the ACGME Institutional Requirements. When the Sponsoring Institution is not a rotation site for the program, the most commonly utilized site of clinical activity for the program is the primary clinical site.
	The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring		The program must be sponsored by one ACGME-accredited Sponsoring
I.B.	The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a	1.1. [None]	Participating Sites A participating site is an organization providing educational experiences or educational assignments/rotations for residents. The program, with approval of its Sponsoring Institution, must designate a primary clinical site. (Core)
I.B.1.	primary clinical site. (Core)	1.2.	primary clinical site. (Core)

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	There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program		There must be a program letter of agreement (PLA) between the program
I.B.2.	and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)	1 3	and each participating site that governs the relationship between the program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Core)
I.B.2.a)		[None]	program and the participating site providing a required assignment. (Oore)
I.B.2.a).(1)	be renewed at least every 10 years; and, (Core)	1.3.a.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. (Core)
ι.Β.Σ.α).(1)	be removed at least every 10 years, and, (oore)	1.0.u.	The PLA must be renewed at least every 10 years. The PLA must be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO).
I.B.2.a).(2)	be approved by the designated institutional official (DIO). (Core)	1.3.b.	(Core)
	The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment		The program must monitor the clinical learning and working environment
I.B.3.	at all participating sites. (Core)	1.4.	at all participating sites. (Core)
	At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated		At each participating site there must be one faculty member, designated
	by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for		by the program director as the site director, who is accountable for
I P 2 a)	resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director.	4 5	resident education at that site, in collaboration with the program director.
I.B.3.a)	(Core)	1.5.	(Core)
	The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required		The program director must submit any additions or deletions of participating sites routinely providing an educational experience, required
	for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through		for all residents, of one month full time equivalent (FTE) or more through
I.B.4.	the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)	1.6.	the ACGME's Accreditation Data System (ADS). (Core)
	Workforce Recruitment and Retention		Workforce Recruitment and Retention
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must engage
	in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if		in practices that focus on mission-driven, ongoing, systematic recruitment and retention of a diverse and inclusive workforce of residents, fellows (if
	present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and		present), faculty members, senior administrative GME staff members, and
I.C.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)	1.7.	other relevant members of its academic community. (Core)
			Resources
			The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.	Resources	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
			Resources
1.5.4	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure	4.0	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
I.D.1.	, ,	1.8.	the availability of adequate resources for resident education. (Core)
	Time and resources for the program director to attend a program director's		Time and resources for the program director to attend a program director's
I.D.1.a)	workshop that provides content specific to osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine and medical education must be provided. (Core)	1.8.a.	workshop that provides content specific to osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine and medical education must be provided. (Core)
1.D.1.a)	modicino dna medical education must be provided. (Oore)	1.0.u.	modicino and modical education must be provided. (Oore)
	There would be an embedding 9 of the control of the		There were the construction of the constructio
	There must be an ambulatory site that serves as the continuity of care clinic that provides residents with comprehensive and continuous care of a diverse patient		There must be an ambulatory site that serves as the continuity of care clinic that provides residents with comprehensive and continuous care of a diverse patient
	population with common diagnoses in neuromusculoskeletal medicine and		population with common diagnoses in neuromusculoskeletal medicine and
I.D.1.b)	osteopathic manipulative medicine practice. (Core)	1.8.b.	osteopathic manipulative medicine practice. (Core)

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	The continuity of care clinic must contain appropriate equipment, including		The continuity of care clinic must contain appropriate equipment, including
	adequate access to technology to access electronic medical records (EMR) and		adequate access to technology to access electronic medical records (EMR) and
	Internet resources, tables appropriate for osteopathic manipulative treatment,		Internet resources, tables appropriate for osteopathic manipulative treatment,
	diagnostic equipment necessary for differential diagnosis, patient care rooms with space for the physician to move around the table, access to necessary		diagnostic equipment necessary for differential diagnosis, patient care rooms with space for the physician to move around the table, access to necessary
	equipment to review radiographic images and other diagnostic tests that may be		equipment to review radiographic images and other diagnostic tests that may be
	ordered by the residents, and space for residents to discuss patients with faculty	4.0.1.4	ordered by the residents, and space for residents to discuss patients with faculty
I.D.1.b).(1)	members and complete the required documentation for each patient. (Core)	1.8.b.1.	members and complete the required documentation for each patient. (Core)
	There must be secure and dedicated space for each resident to perform		There must be secure and dedicated space for each resident to perform
I.D.1.b).(2)	continuity of care clinic administrative duties. (Core)	1.8.b.2.	continuity of care clinic administrative duties. (Core)
	While the program may utilize more than one continuity of care clinic, an		While the program may utilize more than one continuity of care clinic, an
	individual resident must not be assigned to more than three continuity of care		individual resident must not be assigned to more than three continuity of care
I.D.1.b).(3)	clinic sites at any one time. (Core)	1.8.b.3.	clinic sites at any one time. (Core)
	The resident-to-precepting faculty member ratio at the continuity of care clinic		The resident-to-precepting faculty member ratio at the continuity of care clinic
I.D.1.b).(4)	must not exceed four-to-one. (Core)	1.8.b.4.	must not exceed four-to-one. (Core)
	The faculty members must not have other clinical responsibilities while		The faculty members must not have other clinical responsibilities while
	precepting, unless the resident to precepting faculty member ratio is equal to or		precepting, unless the resident to precepting faculty member ratio is equal to or
I.D.1.b).(4).(a)	less than two to one. (Core)	1.8.b.4.a.	less than two to one. (Core)
	Each resident must be provided with time and financial resources to take an		Each resident must be provided with time and financial resources to take an
I.D.1.c)	annual neuromusculoskeletal medicine in-training examination. (Core)	1.8.c.	annual neuromusculoskeletal medicine in-training examination. (Core)
	The number of patients available to the program must be sufficient to provide an		The number of patients available to the program must be sufficient to provide an
1.5.4.1	educational experience for the number of residents in the program, and must	4.0.1	educational experience for the number of residents in the program, and must
I.D.1.d)	represent a broad spectrum of clinical presentations. (Core)	1.8.d.	represent a broad spectrum of clinical presentations. (Core)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure
1.0.0	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote	4.0	healthy and safe learning and working environments that promote
I.D.2. I.D.2.a)	resident well-being and provide for: access to food while on duty; (Core)	1.9. 1.9.a.	resident well-being and provide for: access to food while on duty; (Core)
	access to look mills on way, (ools)		account is a second and the second a
1.0.0.1.)	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible	4.0 h	safe, quiet, clean, and private sleep/rest facilities available and accessible
I.D.2.b)	for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.b.	for residents with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
	clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,		clean and private facilities for lactation that have refrigeration capabilities,
I.D.2.c)	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)	1.9.c.	with proximity appropriate for safe patient care; (Core)
I.D.2.d)	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)	1.9.d.	security and safety measures appropriate to the participating site; and, (Core)
	accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the		accommodations for residents with disabilities consistent with the
I.D.2.e)	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)	1.9.e.	Sponsoring Institution's policy. (Core)

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	Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other		Residents must have ready access to specialty-specific and other
	appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must		appropriate reference material in print or electronic format. This must
	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text	4.40	include access to electronic medical literature databases with full text
I.D.3.	capabilities. (Core)	1.10.	capabilities. (Core)
	Other Learners and Health Care Personnel		
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel including		Other Learners and Health Care Personnel
	The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,		The presence of other learners and other health care personnel, including, but not limited to residents from other programs, subspecialty fellows,
	and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the		and advanced practice providers, must not negatively impact the
	appointed residents' education. (Core)	1.11.	appointed residents' education. (Core)
	Personnel	Section 2	Section 2: Personnel
			Program Director
			There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with
			authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance
II.A.	Program Director	2.1.	with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
			Program Director
	There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with		There must be one faculty member appointed as program director with
	authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance		authority and accountability for the overall program, including compliance
II.A.1.		2.1.	with all applicable program requirements. (Core)
	The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program		The Sponsoring Institution's GMEC must approve a change in program
 II.A.1.a)	director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)	2.2.	director and must verify the program director's licensure and clinical appointment. (Core)
II.A. 1.a)	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.	2.2.	Final approval of the program director resides with the Review Committee.
II.A.1.a).(1)	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.2.a.	(Core)
	The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a		The program must demonstrate retention of the program director for a
	length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program		length of time adequate to maintain continuity of leadership and program
II.A.1.b)	stability. (Core)	2.3.	stability. (Core)
	The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team,		The program director and, as applicable, the program's leadership team,
	must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program		must be provided with support adequate for administration of the program
II.A.2.	based upon its size and configuration. (Core)	2.4.	based upon its size and configuration. (Core)
 	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with support equal to a	2.4.0	At a minimum, the program director must be provided with support equal to a
II.A.2.a)	dedicated minimum of 0.2 FTE for administration of the program. (Core)	2.4.a.	dedicated minimum of 0.2 FTE for administration of the program. (Core)
			Qualifications of the Program Director The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three
			The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
II.A.3.	Qualifications of the program director:	2.5.	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
			Qualifications of the Program Director
	must include specialty expertise and at least three years of documented		The program director must possess specialty expertise and at least three
	educational and/or administrative experience, or qualifications acceptable		years of documented educational and/or administrative experience, or
II.A.3.a)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.5.	qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)

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	must include current certification in the specialty for which they are the		The program director must possess current certification in the specialty
	program director by the American Osteopathic Board of Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee; (Core)		for which they are the program director by the American Osteopathic Board of Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine, or specialty qualifications that are acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.A.3.b)	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) acceptable, there is no ABMS member board that offers certification in this specialty]	2.5.a.	[Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) acceptable, there is no ABMS member board that offers certification in this specialty.]
11.7.0.0)	Specialty]	2.0.0.	specialty.j
II.A.3.b).(1)	Current certification through the American Osteopathic Board of Special Proficiency in Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine (AOBSPOMM) is also acceptable. (Core)	2.5.a.1.	Current certification through the American Osteopathic Board of Special Proficiency in Osteopathic Manipulative Medicine (AOBSPOMM) is also acceptable. (Core)
II.A.3.c)	must include ongoing clinical activity. (Core)	2.5.b.	The program director must demonstrate ongoing clinical activity. (Core)
II.A.3.0)	must melade origoning chinical activity. (core)	2.3.0.	The program director must demonstrate origining chinical activity. (core)
II.A.4.	• • • •	2.6.	Program Director Responsibilities The program director must have responsibility, authority, and accountability for: administration and operations; teaching and scholarly activity; resident recruitment and selection, evaluation, and promotion of residents, and disciplinary action; supervision of residents; and resident education in the context of patient care. (Core)
II.A.4.a) II.A.4.a).(1)	The program director must:	[None] 2.6.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(1)	be a role model of professionalism; (Core)	2.0.a.	The program director must be a role model of professionalism. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(2)	design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program; (Core)	2.6.b.	The program director must design and conduct the program in a fashion consistent with the needs of the community, the mission(s) of the Sponsoring Institution, and the mission(s) of the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(3)	administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains; (Core)	2.6.c.	The program director must administer and maintain a learning environment conducive to educating the residents in each of the ACGME Competency domains. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(4)	have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval; (Core)	2.6.d.	The program director must have the authority to approve or remove physicians and non-physicians as faculty members at all participating sites, including the designation of core faculty members, and must develop and oversee a process to evaluate candidates prior to approval. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(5)	have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program; (Core)	2.6.e.	The program director must have the authority to remove residents from supervising interactions and/or learning environments that do not meet the standards of the program. (Core)

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II.A.4.a).(6)	submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME; (Core)	2.6.f.	The program director must submit accurate and complete information required and requested by the DIO, GMEC, and ACGME. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(7)	provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation; (Core)	2.6.g.	The program director must provide a learning and working environment in which residents have the opportunity to raise concerns, report mistreatment, and provide feedback in a confidential manner as appropriate, without fear of intimidation or retaliation. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(8)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident; (Core)	2.6.h.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures related to grievances and due process, including when action is taken to suspend or dismiss, or not to promote or renew the appointment of a resident. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9)	ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination; (Core)	2.6.i.	The program director must ensure the program's compliance with the Sponsoring Institution's policies and procedures on employment and non-discrimination. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(9).(a)	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)	3.1.	Residents must not be required to sign a non-competition guarantee or restrictive covenant. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(10)	document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program; and, (Core)	2.6.j.	The program director must document verification of education for all residents within 30 days of completion of or departure from the program. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(11)	provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days; and (Core)	2.6.k.	The program director must provide verification of an individual resident's education upon the resident's request, within 30 days. (Core)
II.A.4.a).(12)	provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)	2.6.1.	The program director must provide applicants who are offered an interview with information related to the applicant's eligibility for the relevant specialty board examination(s). (Core)

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	Faculty Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population. Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety.		Faculty Faculty members are a foundational element of graduate medical education – faculty members teach residents how to care for patients. Faculty members provide an important bridge allowing residents to grow and become practice-ready, ensuring that patients receive the highest quality of care. They are role models for future generations of physicians by demonstrating compassion, commitment to excellence in teaching and patient care, professionalism, and a dedication to lifelong learning. Faculty members experience the pride and joy of fostering the growth and development of future colleagues. The care they provide is enhanced by the opportunity to teach and model exemplary behavior. By employing a scholarly approach to patient care, faculty members, through the graduate medical education system, improve the health of the individual and the population. Faculty members ensure that patients receive the level of care expected from a specialist in the field. They recognize and respond to the needs of the patients, residents, community, and institution. Faculty members provide appropriate levels of supervision to promote patient safety.
	Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a		Faculty members create an effective learning environment by acting in a
II.B.	professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.	[None]	professional manner and attending to the well-being of the residents and themselves.
ii.b.	unemotives.	[NOTIC]	unemotives.
II.B.1.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)	2.7.	There must be a sufficient number of faculty members with competence to instruct and supervise all residents. (Core)
II.B.2.	Faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.2.a)	be role models of professionalism; (Core)	2.8.	Faculty Responsibilities Faculty members must be role models of professionalism. (Core)
II.B.2.b)	demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care; (Core)	2.8.a.	Faculty members must demonstrate commitment to the delivery of safe, equitable, high-quality, cost-effective, patient-centered care. (Core)
II.B.2.c)	demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities; (Core)	2.8.b.	Faculty members must demonstrate a strong interest in the education of residents, including devoting sufficient time to the educational program to fulfill their supervisory and teaching responsibilities. (Core)
II.B.2.d)	administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents; (Core)	2.8.c.	Faculty members must administer and maintain an educational environment conducive to educating residents. (Core)
II.B.2.e)	regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences; and, (Core)	2.8.d.	Faculty members must regularly participate in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences. (Core)
II.B.2.f)	pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)	2.8.e.	Faculty members must pursue faculty development designed to enhance their skills at least annually: (Core)
II.B.2.f).(1)	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)	2.8.e.1.	as educators and evaluators; (Detail)

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II.B.2.f).(2)	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)	2.8.e.2.	in quality improvement, eliminating health inequities, and patient safety; (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(3)	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)	2.8.e.3.	in fostering their own and their residents' well-being; and, (Detail)
II.B.2.f).(4)	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)	2.8.e.4.	in patient care based on their practice-based learning and improvement efforts. (Detail)
II.B.3.	Faculty Qualifications	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a)	Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)	2.9.	Faculty Qualifications Faculty members must have appropriate qualifications in their field and hold appropriate institutional appointments. (Core)
II.B.3.a).(1)	Faculty members who teach osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residents in the ambulatory continuity of care clinic or in the hospital must be AOBNMM-certified, AOBSPOMM-certified, or AOBNMM board-eligible, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.9.a.	Faculty members who teach osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residents in the ambulatory continuity of care clinic or in the hospital must be AOBNMM-certified, AOBSPOMM-certified, or AOBNMM board-eligible, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.a).(2)	Faculty members who teach osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residents in specialties other than osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine must have current certification by an American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board or an American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)	2.9.b.	Faculty members who teach osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine residents in specialties other than osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine must have current certification by an American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board or an American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board, or possess qualifications acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core)
II.B.3.b)	Physician faculty members must:	[None]	
II.B.3.b).(1)	have current certification in the specialty by the American Osteopathic Board of Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) acceptable, there is no ABMS member board that offers certification in this specialty]	2.10.	Physician faculty members must have current certification in the specialty by the American Osteopathic Board of Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine, or possess qualifications judged acceptable to the Review Committee. (Core) [Note that while the Common Program Requirements deem certification by a member board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) acceptable, there is no ABMS member board that offers certification in this specialty.]
II.B.3.b).(1).(a)	Current certification through the AOBSPOMM is also acceptable. (Core)	2.10.a.	Current certification through the AOBSPOMM is also acceptable. (Core)
II.B.4.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to residents. (Core)	2.11.	Core Faculty Core faculty members must have a significant role in the education and supervision of residents and must devote a significant portion of their entire effort to resident education and/or administration, and must, as a component of their activities, teach, evaluate, and provide formative feedback to residents. (Core)

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Number	Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.	Requirement Number	Requirement Language Core faculty members must complete the annual ACGME Faculty Survey.
II.B.4.a)	(Core)	2.11.a.	(Core)
		2.11.0.	
	There must be a minimum of one AOBNMM-certified, AOBSPOMM-certified, or		There must be a minimum of one AOBNMM-certified, AOBSPOMM-certified, or
	AOBNMM board-eligible core faculty member in addition to the program		AOBNMM board-eligible core faculty member in addition to the program
II.B.4.b)	director. (Core)	2.11.b.	director. (Core)
	Program directors of accredited osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine		Program directors of accredited osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine
	programs must not serve as a core faculty member for another accredited		programs must not serve as a core faculty member for another accredited
II.B.4.b).(1)	osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine program. (Core)	2.11.b.1.	osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine program. (Core)
			Program Coordinator
II.C.	Program Coordinator	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
II.C.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	Program Coordinator There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
11.6.1.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)	2.12.	There must be a program coordinator. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and		The program coordinator must be provided with dedicated time and
	support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size		support adequate for administration of the program based upon its size
II.C.2.	and configuration. (Core)	2.12.a.	and configuration. (Core)
	The program coordinator must be provided with support equal to a dedicated		The program coordinator must be provided with support equal to a dedicated
II.C.2.a)	minimum of 0.5 FTE for administration of the program. (Core)	2.12.b.	minimum of 0.5 FTE for administration of the program. (Core)
	Other Program Personnel		
	Other Program Personner		Other Program Personnel
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must jointly
	ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective		ensure the availability of necessary personnel for the effective
II.D.	administration of the program. (Core)	2.13.	administration of the program. (Core)
III.	Resident Appointments	Section 3	Section 3: Resident Appointments
			Eligibility Requirements
	Filed Mark Demoisser and		An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
II.A.	Eligibility Requirements	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
	An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible		Eligibility Requirements An applicant must meet one of the following qualifications to be eligible
III.A.1.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)	3.2.	for appointment to an ACGME-accredited program: (Core)
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	graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the		graduation from a medical school in the United States, accredited by the
	Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a		Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or graduation from a
	college of osteopathic medicine in the United States, accredited by the American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College		college of osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College
III.A.1.a)	Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)	3.2.a.	American Osteopathic Association Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation (AOACOCA); or, (Core)
	Accidentation (Academy, oi, (cole)	V.Z.a.	Accidentation (Academy, or, (other

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			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core) • holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b)	graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
III.A.1.b).(1)	holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)	3.2.b.	• holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
			graduation from a medical school outside of the United States, and meeting one of the following additional qualifications: (Core)
			• holding a currently valid certificate from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) prior to appointment; or, (Core)
	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)	3.2.b.	holding a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in the United States licensing jurisdiction in which the ACGME-accredited program is located. (Core)
	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)	3.3.	All prerequisite post-graduate clinical education required for initial entry or transfer into ACGME-accredited residency programs must be completed in ACGME-accredited residency programs, AOA-approved residency programs, Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada (RCPSC)-accredited or College of Family Physicians of Canada (CFPC)-accredited residency programs located in Canada, or in residency programs with ACGME International (ACGME-I) Advanced Specialty Accreditation. (Core)
III.A.2.a)	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)	3.3.a.	Residency programs must receive verification of each resident's level of competency in the required clinical field using ACGME, CanMEDS, or ACGME-I Milestones evaluations from the prior training program upon matriculation. (Core)
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III.A.2.b)	Prior to matriculation, residents must have sufficient background and/or instruction in osteopathic philosophy and techniques in manipulative medicine to prepare them to engage in the curriculum of the program, including: (Core)	3.3.a.1.	Prior to matriculation, residents must have sufficient background and/or instruction in osteopathic philosophy and techniques in manipulative medicine to prepare them to engage in the curriculum of the program, including: (Core)
III.A.2.b).(1)	osteopathic philosophy, history, terminology, and code of ethics; (Core)	3.3.a.1.a.	osteopathic philosophy, history, terminology, and code of ethics; (Core)
III.A.2.b).(2)	anatomy and physiology related to osteopathic medicine; (Core)	3.3.a.1.b.	anatomy and physiology related to osteopathic medicine; (Core)
III.A.2.b).(3)	indications, contraindications, and safety issues associated with the use of osteopathic manipulative treatment; and, (Core)	3.3.a.1.c.	indications, contraindications, and safety issues associated with the use of osteopathic manipulative treatment; and, (Core)
III.A.2.b).(4)	palpatory diagnosis, osteopathic structural examination, and osteopathic manipulative treatment. (Core	3.3.a.1.d.	palpatory diagnosis, osteopathic structural examination, and osteopathic manipulative treatment. (Core
III.A.2.c)	ONMM2 Level of Entry To be eligible for entry into the program at the ONMM2 level, residents must have successfully completed, prior to appointment, a broad-based clinical year (PGY-1). (Core)	3.3.a.2.	ONMM2 Level of Entry To be eligible for entry into the program at the ONMM2 level, residents must have successfully completed, prior to appointment, a broad-based clinical year (PGY-1). (Core)
III.A.2.d)	ONMM3 Level of Entry To be eligible for entry into the program at the ONMM3 level:	3.3.a.3.	ONMM3 Level of Entry
III.A.2.d).(1)	residents must have completed a residency program that satisfies III.A.2. (Core)	3.3.a.3.a.	To be eligible for entry into the program at the ONMM3 level residents must have completed a residency program that satisfies 3.3. (Core)
III.A.2.d).(2)	Residents should have completed a minimum of 12 rotations identified as required or elective in Requirements IV.C.8.e).(2).(a)-IV.C.8.e).(2).(e). (Core)	3.3.a.3.b.	To be eligible for entry into the program at the ONMM3 level, residents should have completed a minimum of 12 rotations identified as required or elective in Requirements 4.11.f.4.b.1-5. (Core)
III.A.2.d).(2).(a)	At the discretion of the program director, a rotation may be calculated as a fourweek block, a calendar month, or 100 hours. (Detail)†	3.3.a.3.b.1.	At the discretion of the program director, a rotation may be calculated as a fourweek block, a calendar month, or 100 hours. (Detail)†
III.A.2.d).(2).(b)	The program director may grant an exception to Requirement III.A.2.d).(2), however the educational program must be extended beyond the 12-month program by one month for each required rotation not completed prior to entry. (Core)	3.3.a.3.b.2.	The program director may grant an exception to Requirement 3.3.a.3.b., however the educational program must be extended beyond the 12-month program by one month for each required rotation not completed prior to entry. (Core)
III.A.3.	Resident Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine will allow the following exception to the resident eligibility requirements: (Core)	3.3.b.	Resident Eligibility Exception The Review Committee for Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine will allow the following exception to the resident eligibility requirements: (Core)
III.A.3.a)	An ACGME-accredited residency program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in III.A.1III.A.2., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)	3.3.b.1.	An ACGME-accredited residency program may accept an exceptionally qualified international graduate applicant who does not satisfy the eligibility requirements listed in 3.2. – 3.3., but who does meet all of the following additional qualifications and conditions: (Core)

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	evaluation by the program director and residency selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of this training; and, (Core)	3.3.b.1.a.	evaluation by the program director and residency selection committee of the applicant's suitability to enter the program, based on prior training and review of the summative evaluations of this training; and, (Core)
	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)	3.3.b.1.b.	review and approval of the applicant's exceptional qualifications by the GMEC; and, (Core)
	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)	3.3.b.1.c.	verification of Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certification. (Core)
	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)	3.3.b.2.	Applicants accepted through this exception must have an evaluation of their performance by the Clinical Competency Committee within 12 weeks of matriculation. (Core)
	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)	3.4.	Resident Complement The program director must not appoint more residents than approved by the Review Committee. (Core)
	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)	3.5.	Resident Transfers The program must obtain verification of previous educational experiences and a summative competency-based performance evaluation prior to acceptance of a transferring resident, and Milestones evaluations upon matriculation. (Core)
	Educational Program The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program. The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care. It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.	Section 4	Section 4: Educational Program The ACGME accreditation system is designed to encourage excellence and innovation in graduate medical education regardless of the organizational affiliation, size, or location of the program. The educational program must support the development of knowledgeable, skillful physicians who provide compassionate care. It is recognized programs may place different emphasis on research, leadership, public health, etc. It is expected that the program aims will reflect the nuanced program-specific goals for it and its graduates; for example, it is expected that a program aiming to prepare physician-scientists will have a different curriculum from one focusing on community health.
IV.A.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:	4.2.	Educational Components The curriculum must contain the following educational components:

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	a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program		a set of program aims consistent with the Sponsoring Institution's mission, the needs of the community it serves, and the desired distinctive capabilities of its graduates, which must be made available to program
IV.A.1.	applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.a.	applicants, residents, and faculty members; (Core)
	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)	4.2.b.	competency-based goals and objectives for each educational experience designed to promote progress on a trajectory to autonomous practice. These must be distributed, reviewed, and available to residents and faculty members; (Core)
IV.A.3.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)	4.2.c.	delineation of resident responsibilities for patient care, progressive responsibility for patient management, and graded supervision; (Core)
IV.A.4.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)	4.2.d.	a broad range of structured didactic activities; and, (Core)
	Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)	4.11.	Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core)
	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)	4.2.e.	formal educational activities that promote patient safety-related goals, tools, and techniques. (Core)
IV.B.	ACGME Competencies	[None]	ACGME Competencies The Competencies provide a conceptual framework describing the required domains for a trusted physician to enter autonomous practice. These Competencies are core to the practice of all physicians, although the specifics are further defined by each specialty. The developmental trajectories in each of the Competencies are articulated through the Milestones for each specialty.
IV.B.1.	The program must integrate the following ACGME Competencies into the curriculum:	[None]	The program must integrate all ACGME Competencies into the curriculum.
	Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an		ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
	<u>-</u>	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
			ACGME Competencies – Professionalism Residents must demonstrate a commitment to professionalism and an adherence to ethical principles. (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.3.	Residents must demonstrate competence in:
IV.B.1.a).(1).(a)	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)	4.3.a.	compassion, integrity, and respect for others; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(b)	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)	4.3.b.	responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(c)	cultural humility; (Core)	4.3.c.	cultural humility; (Core)
IV.B.1.a).(1).(d)	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)	4.3.d.	respect for patient privacy and autonomy; (Core)

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IV.B.1.a).(1).(e)	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)	4.3.e.	accountability to patients, society, and the profession; (Core)
11121114/1(1/1(0)	accountability to patients, ecology, and the profession, (ecology	110101	accountability to patiente, ecoloty, and the profession, (ecolo)
	respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but		respect and responsiveness to diverse patient populations, including but
	not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities,		not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities,
IV.B.1.a).(1).(f)	national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)	4.3.f.	national origin, socioeconomic status, and sexual orientation; (Core)
7,7,7	ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and		ability to recognize and develop a plan for one's own personal and
IV.B.1.a).(1).(g)	professional well-being; and, (Core)	4.3.g.	professional well-being; and, (Core)
	appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest.		appropriately disclosing and addressing conflict or duality of interest.
IV.B.1.a).(1).(h)	(Core)	4.3.h.	(Core)
IV.B.1.b)	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	[None]	
			ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part A)
	Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-		Residents must be able to provide patient care that is patient- and family-
	centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the		centered, compassionate, equitable, appropriate, and effective for the
IV.B.1.b).(1)	treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)	4.4.	treatment of health problems and the promotion of health. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competency in the management of outpatients and		Residents must demonstrate competency in the management of outpatients and
	inpatients with neuromusculoskeletal disorders across the lifespan, including		inpatients with neuromusculoskeletal disorders across the lifespan, including
IV.B.1.b).(1).(a)	those who require acute care and care for chronic conditions. (Core)	4.4.a.	those who require acute care and care for chronic conditions. (Core)
			ACGME Competencies – Patient Care and Procedural Skills (Part B)
	Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical		Residents must be able to perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical
IV.B.1.b).(2)	procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)	4.5.	procedures considered essential for the area of practice. (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in the appropriate application, as		Residents must demonstrate competence in the appropriate application, as
	documented in the medical record, of a broad variety of both direct and indirect		documented in the medical record, of a broad variety of both direct and indirect
	osteopathic manipulative treatment techniques, including, but not limited to, high velocity/low amplitude (HV/LA), articulatory, muscle energy, strain-counterstrain,		osteopathic manipulative treatment techniques, including, but not limited to, high
IV.B.1.b).(2).(a)	myofascial release, and osteopathic cranial manipulative medicine; and, (Core)	4 5 a	velocity/low amplitude (HV/LA), articulatory, muscle energy, strain-counterstrain myofascial release, and osteopathic cranial manipulative medicine. (Core)
. v. D. 1.5).(2).(a)	mysiassiai roisasse, and sociopatino siamai mampulative medicine, and, (core)	1.0.4.	my oracolar rollogos, and obtoopatino oralinal manipulative medicine. (Oble)
	Residents must demonstrate competence in the application of trigger		Residents must demonstrate competence in the application of trigger
IV.B.1.b).(2).(b)	point/tender point injections and joint aspiration/injection. (Core)	4.5.b.	point/tender point injections and joint aspiration/injection. (Core)
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	ONIMANA Level of Entry		
	ONMM1 Level of Entry		ONMM1 Level of Entry
	Residents entering the program at the ONMM1 level must document the		Residents entering the program at the ONMM1 level must document the
	evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a		evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a
	neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 36-		neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 36-
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c)	month program for: (Core)	4.5.c.	month program for: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c).(i)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses; (Core)	4.5.c.1.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses; (Core)
	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of pediatrics diagnoses;		a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of pediatrics diagnoses;
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c).(ii)	(Core)	4.5.c.2.	(Core)

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IV.B.1.b).(2).(c).(iii)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrics and gynecology diagnoses; and, (Core)	4.5.c.3.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrics and gynecology diagnoses; and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(c).(iv)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)	4.5.c.4.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d)	ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 level must document the evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 24-month program for: (Core)	4.5.d.	ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 level must document the evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 24- month program for: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d).(i)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses, (Core)	4.5.d.1.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d).(ii)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of pediatric diagnoses, (Core)	4.5.d.2.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of pediatric diagnoses, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d).(iii)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrical and gynecological diagnoses, and, (Core)	4.5.d.3.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrical and gynecological diagnoses, and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(d).(iv)	a minimum of 50 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)	4.5.d.4.	a minimum of 50 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)
	ONMM3 Level of Entry		ONMM3 Level of Entry
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e)	Residents who entered the program at the ONMM3 level must document the evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 12-month program for: (Core)	4.5.e.	Residents who entered the program at the ONMM3 level must document the evaluation and osteopathic manipulative treatment of patients, supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, prior to the completion of the 12-month program for: (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(i)	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses; (Core)	4.5.e.1.	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of surgical diagnoses; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(ii)	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of pediatric diagnoses; (Core)	4.5.e.2.	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of pediatric diagnoses; (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(iii)	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrical and gynecological diagnoses, and, (Core)	4.5.e.3.	a minimum of 35 patient encounters with a variety of obstetrical and gynecological diagnoses, and, (Core)
IV.B.1.b).(2).(e).(iv)	a minimum of 35 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)	4.5.e.4.	a minimum of 35 patient encounters through hospital consultations. (Core)
IV.B.1.c)	Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)	4.6.	ACGME Competencies – Medical Knowledge Residents must demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological, and social-behavioral sciences, including scientific inquiry, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of:	[None]	
IV.B.1.c).(1).(a)	indications and contraindications for osteopathic manipulative treatment techniques; (Core)	4.6.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of indications and contraindications for osteopathic manipulative treatment techniques. (Core)

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IV.B.1.c).(1).(b)	integrative knowledge of accepted standards of clinical medicine and osteopathic principles and practice (OPP) in neuromusculoskeletal medicine; (Core)	4.6.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of integrative knowledge of accepted standards of clinical medicine and osteopathic principles and practice (OPP) in neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(c)	the foundations of clinical and behavioral medicine appropriate to neuromusculoskeletal medicine, and an understanding about major developments in the clinical sciences relating to neuromusculoskeletal medicine; (Core)	4.6.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of the foundations of clinical and behavioral medicine appropriate to neuromusculoskeletal medicine, and an understanding about major developments in the clinical sciences relating to neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(d)	study designs and statistical methods to the appraisal of clinical studies and other information on diagnostic and therapeutic effectiveness in settings such as journal clubs, didactic sessions, or patient care; (Core)	4.6.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of study designs and statistical methods to the appraisal of clinical studies and other information on diagnostic and therapeutic effectiveness in settings such as journal clubs, didactic sessions, or patient care. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(e)	injection techniques, such as peripheral nerve blocks, regenerative injection techniques, and ultrasound guided injections; (Core)	4.6.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of injection techniques, such as peripheral nerve blocks, regenerative injection techniques, and ultrasound guided injections. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(f)	gross musculoskeletal anatomy and neuroanatomy, biomechanics, gait analysis, the interrelationship of body function and structure, interpretation of appropriate diagnostic studies, and common physical rehabilitation modalities; (Core)	4.6.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of gross musculoskeletal anatomy and neuroanatomy, biomechanics, gait analysis, the interrelationship of body function and structure, interpretation of appropriate diagnostic studies, and common physical rehabilitation modalities. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(g)	the etiology of common overuse syndromes and their somatic referral patterns; and, (Core)	4.6.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of the etiology of common overuse syndromes and their somatic referral patterns. (Core)
IV.B.1.c).(1).(h)	human development. (Core)	4.6.h.	Residents must demonstrate competence in their knowledge of human development. (Core)
IV.B.1.d)		4.7.	ACGME Competencies – Practice-Based Learning and Improvement Residents must demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and lifelong learning. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.d).(1).(a)	identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise; (Core)	4.7.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(b)	setting learning and improvement goals; (Core)	4.7.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in setting learning and improvement goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(c)	identifying and performing appropriate learning activities; (Core)	4.7.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in identifying and performing appropriate learning activities. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(d)		4.7.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in systematically analyzing practice using quality improvement methods, including activities aimed at reducing health care disparities, and implementing changes with the goal of practice improvement. (Core)
IV.B.1.d).(1).(e)	incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice; and, (Core)	4.7.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating feedback and formative evaluation into daily practice. (Core)

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IV.B.1.d).(1).(f)	locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)	4.7.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in locating, appraising, and assimilating evidence from scientific studies related to their patients' health problems. (Core)
	Interpersonal and Communication Skills		
IV.B.1.e) IV.B.1.e).(1)	Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core) Residents must demonstrate competence in:	4.8. [None]	ACGME Competencies – Interpersonal and Communication Skills Residents must demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals. (Core)
	·	[.to.io]	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively
IV.B.1.e).(1).(a)	communicating effectively with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient; (Core)	4.8.a.	with patients and patients' families, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic circumstances, cultural backgrounds, and language capabilities, learning to engage interpretive services as required to provide appropriate care to each patient. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(b)	communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies; (Core)	4.8.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in communicating effectively with physicians, other health professionals, and health-related agencies. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(c)		4.8.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(d)	•	4.8.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in educating patients, patients' families, students, other residents, and other health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(e)	acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals; (Core)	4.8.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in acting in a consultative role to other physicians and health professionals. (Core)
IV.B.1.e).(1).(f)	maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)	4.8.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in maintaining comprehensive, timely, and legible health care records, if applicable. (Core)
	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.8.g.	Residents must learn to communicate with patients and patients' families to partner with them to assess their care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.f)	,	4.9.	ACGME Competencies - Systems-Based Practice Residents must demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, including the structural and social determinants of health, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources to provide optimal health care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1)	Residents must demonstrate competence in:	[None]	
IV.B.1.f).(1).(a)	working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty; (Core)	4.9.a.	Residents must demonstrate competence in working effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(b)		4.9.b.	Residents must demonstrate competence in coordinating patient care across the health care continuum and beyond as relevant to their clinical specialty. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(c)	` '	4.9.c.	Residents must demonstrate competence in advocating for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(d)	participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions; (Core)	4.9.d.	Residents must demonstrate competence in participating in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions. (Core)

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IV.B.1.f).(1).(e)	incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate; (Core)	4.9.e.	Residents must demonstrate competence in incorporating considerations of value, equity, cost awareness, delivery and payment, and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care as appropriate. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(f)	understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions; and, (Core)	4.9.f.	Residents must demonstrate competence in understanding health care finances and its impact on individual patients' health decisions. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(1).(g)	using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)	4.9.g.	Residents must demonstrate competence in using tools and techniques that promote patient safety and disclosure of patient safety events (real or simulated). (Detail)
IV.B.1.f).(2)	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)	4.9.h.	Residents must learn to advocate for patients within the health care system to achieve the patient's and patient's family's care goals, including, when appropriate, end-of-life goals. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(3)	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of local resources and community systems of care, and assist patients and their families in accessing care. (Core)	4.9.i.	Residents must demonstrate knowledge of local resources and community systems of care, and assist patients and their families in accessing care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(4)	Residents must demonstrate competence in health maintenance and preventive care. (Core)	4.9.j.	Residents must demonstrate competence in health maintenance and preventive care. (Core)
IV.B.1.f).(5)	Residents must demonstrate an understanding of practice management, including documentation requirements, coding, and billing for services regularly provided within this specialty. (Core)	4.9.k.	Residents must demonstrate an understanding of practice management, including documentation requirements, coding, and billing for services regularly provided within this specialty. (Core)
			Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences 4.10. Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core) 4.11. Didactic and Clinical Experiences Residents must be provided with protected time to participate in core didactic activities. (Core) 4.12. Pain Management
IV.C.	Curriculum Organization and Resident Experiences	4.10 4.12.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)

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IV.C.1.	The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)	4.10.	Curriculum Structure The curriculum must be structured to optimize resident educational experiences, the length of the experiences, and the supervisory continuity. These educational experiences include an appropriate blend of supervised patient care responsibilities, clinical teaching, and didactic educational events. (Core)
IV.C.1.a)	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)	4.10.a.	Assignment of rotations must be structured to minimize the frequency of rotational transitions, and rotations must be of sufficient length to provide a quality educational experience, defined by continuity of patient care, ongoing supervision, longitudinal relationships with faculty members, and meaningful assessment and feedback. (Core)
IV.C.1.b)	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)	4.10.b.	Clinical experiences should be structured to facilitate learning in a manner that allows residents to function as part of an effective interprofessional team that works together longitudinally with shared goals of patient safety and quality improvement. (Core)
IV.C.2.	The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)	4.12.	Pain Management The program must provide instruction and experience in pain management if applicable for the specialty, including recognition of the signs of substance use disorder. (Core)
IV.C.2.a)	This must include the use of osteopathic manipulative treatment as a treatment modality. (Core)	4.12.a.	This must include the use of osteopathic manipulative treatment as a treatment modality. (Core)
IV.C.3.	Case Logs The program must ensure that residents regularly and accurately log patient encounters and procedures in the ACGME's Resident Case Log System. (Core)	4.11.c.	Case Logs The program must ensure that residents regularly and accurately log patient encounters and procedures in the ACGME's Resident Case Log System. (Core)
IV.C.3.a)	Resident logs must be reviewed by the program director at least semi-annually to ensure accuracy and timely entry of patient encounters and procedures. (Core)	4.11.c.1.	Resident logs must be reviewed by the program director at least semi-annually to ensure accuracy and timely entry of patient encounters and procedures. (Core)
IV.C.4.	Educational and Didactic Experiences	4.11.a.	Educational and Didactic Experiences There must be a minimum of four hours weekly of structured educational activities focused on relevant neuromusculoskeletal medicine topics, at least two hours of which must include faculty member didactic participation and discussion of assigned readings, averaged over a four-week period. (Core)
IV.C.4.a)	Residents must study osteopathic philosophy in depth during the program. (Core)	4.11.b.	Residents must study osteopathic philosophy in depth during the program. (Core)

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IV.C.4.b)	There must be a minimum of four hours weekly of structured educational activities focused on relevant neuromusculoskeletal medicine topics, at least two hours of which must include faculty member didactic participation and discussion of assigned readings, averaged over a four-week period. (Core)	4.11.a.	Educational and Didactic Experiences There must be a minimum of four hours weekly of structured educational activities focused on relevant neuromusculoskeletal medicine topics, at least two hours of which must include faculty member didactic participation and discussion of assigned readings, averaged over a four-week period. (Core)
IV.C.4.c)	Residents must participate in a monthly journal club. (Core)	4.11.a.1.	Residents must participate in a monthly journal club. (Core)
IV.C.4.d)	Resident attendance at required educational sessions must be documented. (Core)	4.11.a.2.	Resident attendance at required educational sessions must be documented. (Core)
IV.C.5.	Continuity of Care Clinic Experience	4.11.d.	Continuity of Care Clinic Experience Residents must be identified as responsible, under supervision of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, for the care of a designated panel of continuity of care clinic patients. (Core)
IV.C.5.a)	Residents must be identified as responsible, under supervision of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, for the care of a designated panel of continuity of care clinic patients. (Core)	4.11.d.	Continuity of Care Clinic Experience Residents must be identified as responsible, under supervision of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, for the care of a designated panel of continuity of care clinic patients. (Core)
IV.C.5.b)	Each resident must have at least two documented encounters with a patient for the patient to count as a designated panel patient. These encounters must include one of the following: (Core)	4.11.d.1.	Each resident must have at least two documented encounters with a patient for the patient to count as a designated panel patient. These encounters must include one of the following: (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(1)	At least two encounters in the continuity of care clinics. (Core)	4.11.d.1.a.	At least two encounters in the continuity of care clinics. (Core)
IV.C.5.b).(2)	At least one encounter in the continuity of care clinic and one encounter in the inpatient setting, seen while on the neuromusculoskeletal medicine hospital consultation service. (Core)	4.11.d.1.b.	At least one encounter in the continuity of care clinic and one encounter in the inpatient setting, seen while on the neuromusculoskeletal medicine hospital consultation service. (Core)
IV.C.5.c)	ONMM1 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM1 level must:	4.11.d.2.	ONMM1 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM1 level must:
IV.C.5.c).(1)	devote at least an average of one half-day per week in the continuity of care clinic where they provided osteopathic evaluation and treatment in the first 12 months of the program; and, (Core)	4.11.d.2.a.	devote at least an average of one half-day per week in the continuity of care clinic where they provided osteopathic evaluation and treatment in the first 12 months of the program; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.c).(2)	during the last 24 months of the program, devote an average of three half-days per week in the continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment. (Core)	4.11.d.2.b.	during the last 24 months of the program, devote an average of three half-days per week in the continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment. (Core)

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IV.C.5.d)	ONMM2 and ONMM3 Levels of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 or ONMM3 level of the program must devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)	4.11.d.3.	ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 level of the program must:
IV.C.5.d)	ONMM2 and ONMM3 Levels of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 or ONMM3 level of the program must devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)	4.11.d.3.a.	devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)
IV.C.5.d)	ONMM2 and ONMM3 Levels of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 or ONMM3 level of the program must devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)	4.11.d.4.	ONMM3 Level of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM3 level of the program must:
IV.C.5.d)	ONMM2 and ONMM3 Levels of Entry Residents entering the program at the ONMM2 or ONMM3 level of the program must devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)	4.11.d.4.a.	devote an average of three half-days per week in a continuity of care clinic where they provide osteopathic evaluation and treatment; (Core)
IV.C.5.e)	ONMM1 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM1 level must document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 36-month program:	4.11.d.2.c.	document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 36-month program:
IV.C.5.e).(1)	a minimum of 250 unique designated panel patients; and, (Core)	4.11.d.2.c.1.	a minimum of 250 unique designated panel patients; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.e).(2)	a minimum of 1,000 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)	4.11.d.2.c.2.	a minimum of 1,000 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)
IV.C.5.f)	ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM2 level must document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 24-month program:	4.11.d.3.b.	document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 24-month program:
IV.C.5.f).(1)	a minimum of 250 unique designated panel patients; and, (Core)	4.11.d.3.b.1.	a minimum of 250 unique designated panel patients; and, (Core)

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IV.C.5.f).(2)	a minimum of 1,000 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)	4.11.d.3.b.2.	a minimum of 1,000 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)
IV.C.5.g)	ONMM3 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM3 level must document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 12-month program:	4.11.d.4.b.	document in the continuity of care clinic, prior to completion of the 12-month program:
IV.C.5.g).(1)	a minimum of 175 designated panel patients; and, (Core)	4.11.d.4.b.1.	a minimum of 175 designated panel patients; and, (Core)
IV.C.5.g).(2)	a minimum of 700 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)	4.11.d.4.b.2.	a minimum of 700 osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine patient care encounters supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)
IV.C.6.	In-Patient Care Experience The program must provide residents with experience in providing inpatient care, which must be supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician, and must include: (Core)	4.11.e.	In-Patient Care Experience The program must provide residents with experience in providing inpatient care, which must be supervised by a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)
IV.C.6.a)	participating at the level of an osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine specialist consultant; (Core)	4.11.e.1.	Residents must participate at the level of an osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine specialist consultant. (Core)
IV.C.6.b)	providing follow-up care to patients on whom consultations are performed; (Core)	4.11.e.2.	Residents must provide follow-up care to patients on whom consultations are performed. (Core)
IV.C.6.c)	providing osteopathic manipulative treatment designed to produce a physiological change in the patient; and, (Core)	4.11.e.3.	Residents must provide osteopathic manipulative treatment designed to produce a physiological change in the patient. (Core)
IV.C.6.d)	participating in all phases of consultation, including patient evaluation, management (to include the delivery of osteopathic manipulative treatment), and writing the consultation and follow-up notes. (Core)	4.11.e.4.	Residents must provide participate in all phases of consultation, including patient evaluation, management (to include the delivery of osteopathic manipulative treatment), and writing the consultation and follow-up notes. (Core)
IV.C.7.	If an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service does not exist at the primary clinical site, the program must make arrangements for this experience to be provided at a participating site. (Core)	4.11.e.5.	If an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service does not exist at the primary clinical site, the program must make arrangements for this experience to be provided at a participating site. (Core)
IV.C.8.	Rotations	4.11.f.	Rotations Rotations must be at least 100 hours. (Core)
IV.C.8.a)	Rotations must be at least 100 hours. (Core)	4.11.f.	Rotations Rotations must be at least 100 hours. (Core)
IV.C.8.b)	Rotations must be completed in blocks or longitudinally, at the discretion of the program director. (Core)	4.11.f.1.	Rotations must be completed in blocks or longitudinally, at the discretion of the program director. (Core)
IV.C.8.c)	A majority of the rotation time must take place in the ambulatory setting. (Core)	4.11.f.2.	A majority of the rotation time must take place in the ambulatory setting. (Core)

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IV.C.8.d)	Elective rotations, excluding elective research rotations, must be limited to one rotation per program year that is non-clinical and not based in a patient care setting. (Core)	4.11.f.3.	Elective rotations, excluding elective research rotations, must be limited to one rotation per program year that is non-clinical and not based in a patient care setting. (Core)
	ONMM1 Level of Entry		ONMM1 Level of Entry
IV.C.8.e)	Residents entering at the ONMM1 level must complete the following curriculum over the 36-month program: (Core)	4.11.f.4.	Residents entering at the ONMM1 level must complete the following curriculum over the 36-month program: (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(1)	The first 12-months of the educational program must consist of rotations in fundamental clinical skills, with no more than two rotations in osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)	4.11.f.4.a.	The first 12-months of the educational program must consist of rotations in fundamental clinical skills, with no more than two rotations in osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2)	The remaining 24-month curriculum must include:	4.11.f.4.b.	The remaining 24-month curriculum must include:
IV.C.8.e).(2).(a)	a minimum of four rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of an neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician; (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.1.	a minimum of four rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of an neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician; (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2).(b)	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurological surgery; occupational medicine; orthopaedic surgery; podiatric medicine; and sports medicine; (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.2.	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurological surgery; occupational medicine; orthopaedic surgery; podiatric medicine; and sports medicine; (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2).(c)	one rotation each, in at least two of the following: neurology; physical medicine and rehabilitation; and rheumatology; (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.3.	one rotation each, in at least two of the following: neurology; physical medicine and rehabilitation; and rheumatology; (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2).(d)	one rotation in at least one of the following: radiology; musculoskeletal radiology; or pain management; and, (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.4.	one rotation in at least one of the following: radiology; musculoskeletal radiology; or pain management; and, (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2).(e)	elective rotations. (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.5.	elective rotations. (Core)
IV.C.8.e).(2).(e).(i)	Remaining rotations in the final 24-months of the curriculum must be elective rotations. (Core)	4.11.f.4.b.5.a.	Remaining rotations in the final 24-months of the curriculum must be elective rotations. (Core)
	ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM2 level must complete the		ONMM2 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM2 level must complete the
IV.C.8.f)	following curriculum over the 24-month program: (Core)	4.11.f.5.	following curriculum over the 24-month program: (Core)
IV.C.8.f).(1)	a minimum of four rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of an neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician; (Core)	4.11.f.5.a.	a minimum of four rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of an neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician; (Core)
IV.C.8.f).(2)	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurological surgery; occupational medicine; orthopaedic surgery; podiatric medicine; and sports medicine; (Core)	4.11.f.5.b.	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurological surgery; occupational medicine; orthopaedic surgery; podiatric medicine; and sports medicine; (Core)

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IV.C.8.f).(3)	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurology; physical medicine and rehabilitation; and rheumatology; (Core)	4.11.f.5.c.	one rotation each in at least two of the following: neurology; physical medicine and rehabilitation; and rheumatology; (Core)
IV.C.8.f).(4)	at least one rotation in at least one of the following: radiology; musculoskeletal radiology; or pain management; and, (Core) elective rotations. (Core)	4.11.f.5.d. 4.11.f.5.e.	at least one rotation in at least one of the following: radiology; musculoskeletal radiology; or pain management; and, (Core) elective rotations. (Core)
IV.C.8.f).(5)	Remaining rotations in the curriculum must be elective rotations. (Core)	4.11.f.5.e.1.	Remaining rotations in the curriculum must be elective rotations. (Core)
IV.C.8.f).(5).(a) IV.C.8.g)	ONMM3 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM3 level must complete 12 months of rotations, based on prior residency experience. (Core)	4.11.f.6.	ONMM3 Level of Entry Residents who entered the program at the ONMM3 level must complete 12 months of rotations, based on prior residency experience. (Core)
IV.C.8.g).(1)	Residents must have a minimum of two rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)	4.11.f.6.a.	Residents must have a minimum of two rotations on an inpatient osteopathic neuromusculoskeletal medicine consultation service under the supervision of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine physician. (Core)
IV.C.8.g).(2)	Residents must complete remaining rotations as outlined in Requirements IV.C.8.f).(2) - IV.C.8.f).(5).(a), based on the rotations completed in the primary residency. (Core)	4.11.f.6.b.	Residents must complete remaining rotations as outlined in Requirements 4.11.f.5.b-e.1. based on the rotations completed in the primary residency. (Core)
IV.D.	Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship.		Scholarship Medicine is both an art and a science. The physician is a humanistic scientist who cares for patients. This requires the ability to think critically, evaluate the literature, appropriately assimilate new knowledge, and practice lifelong learning. The program and faculty must create an environment that fosters the acquisition of such skills through resident participation in scholarly activities. Scholarly activities may include discovery, integration, application, and teaching. The ACGME recognizes the diversity of residencies and anticipates that programs prepare physicians for a variety of roles, including clinicians, scientists, and educators. It is expected that the program's scholarship will reflect its mission(s) and aims, and the needs of the community it serves. For example, some programs may concentrate their scholarly activity on quality improvement, population health, and/or teaching, while other programs might choose to utilize more classic forms of biomedical research as the focus for scholarship. Program Responsibilities
IV.D.1.	Program Responsibilities	4.13.	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Program Responsibilities
IV.D.1.a)	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)	4.13.	The program must demonstrate evidence of scholarly activities consistent with its mission(s) and aims. (Core)
IV.D.1.b)	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)	4.13.a.	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must allocate adequate resources to facilitate resident and faculty involvement in scholarly activities. (Core)
IV.D.1.b).(1)	The program must provide education in the interpretation of basic science and clinical research and literature, and the application of the information gathered from these sources. (Core)	4.13.a.1.	The program must provide education in the interpretation of basic science and clinical research and literature, and the application of the information gathered from these sources. (Core)
	The program must provide education in research design specific to an		The program must provide education in research design specific to an
IV.D.1.b).(2)	osteopathic manipulative medicine setting. (Core)	4.13.a.2.	osteopathic manipulative medicine setting. (Core)
IV.D.1.c)	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)	4.13.b.	The program must advance residents' knowledge and practice of the scholarly approach to evidence-based patient care. (Core)
IV D 2	Faculty Calculus Activity		Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) • Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health • Peer-reviewed grants • Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives • Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports • Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials • Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
	Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) • Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health • Peer-reviewed grants • Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives • Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports • Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials • Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards	4.14.	 Innovations in education Faculty Scholarly Activity Among their scholarly activity, programs must demonstrate accomplishments in at least three of the following domains: (Core) Research in basic science, education, translational science, patient care, or population health Peer-reviewed grants Quality improvement and/or patient safety initiatives Systematic reviews, meta-analyses, review articles, chapters in medical textbooks, or case reports Creation of curricula, evaluation tools, didactic educational activities, or electronic educational materials Contribution to professional committees, educational organizations, or editorial boards
IV.D.2.a)	Innovations in education	4.14.	Innovations in education

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
	The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:	4.14.a.	• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
			The program must demonstrate dissemination of scholarly activity within and external to the program by the following methods:
	faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)	4.14.a.	• faculty participation in grand rounds, posters, workshops, quality improvement presentations, podium presentations, grant leadership, non-peer-reviewed print/electronic resources, articles or publications, book chapters, textbooks, webinars, service on professional committees, or serving as a journal reviewer, journal editorial board member, or editor; (Outcome)
W/ D 2	Danislant Cabalante Astinite	4.45	Resident Scholarly Activity
IV.D.3.	Resident Scholarly Activity	4.15.	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core) Resident Scholarly Activity
IV.D.3.a)	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)	4.15.	Residents must participate in scholarship. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate one of the following forms of scholarship and/or academic productivity prior to completion of the program: (Core)
			an original paper on a neuromusculoskeletal medicine topic suitable for publication; (Core)
			a presented scholarly project, within the scope of neuromusculoskeletal medicine, such as a quality assurance or practice improvement project; or, (Core)
	Residents must demonstrate one of the following forms of scholarship and/or academic productivity prior to completion of the program: (Core)	4.15.a.	• preparation and presentation of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine-related topic at a state, regional, or national meeting. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate one of the following forms of scholarship and/or academic productivity prior to completion of the program: (Core)
			an original paper on a neuromusculoskeletal medicine topic suitable for publication; (Core)
			a presented scholarly project, within the scope of neuromusculoskeletal medicine, such as a quality assurance or practice improvement project; or, (Core)
	an original paper on a neuromusculoskeletal medicine topic suitable for publication; (Core)	4.15.a.	• preparation and presentation of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine-related topic at a state, regional, or national meeting. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Paguinamant Languaga
Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
			Residents must demonstrate one of the following forms of scholarship and/or academic productivity prior to completion of the program: (Core)
			an original paper on a neuromusculoskeletal medicine topic suitable for publication; (Core)
			a presented scholarly project, within the scope of neuromusculoskeletal medicine, such as a quality assurance or practice improvement project; or, (Core)
	a presented scholarly project, within the scope of neuromusculoskeletal medicine, such as a quality assurance or practice improvement project; or, (Core)	4.15.a.	preparation and presentation of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine-related topic at a state, regional, or national meeting. (Core)
			Residents must demonstrate one of the following forms of scholarship and/or academic productivity prior to completion of the program: (Core)
			an original paper on a neuromusculoskeletal medicine topic suitable for publication; (Core)
			a presented scholarly project, within the scope of neuromusculoskeletal medicine, such as a quality assurance or practice improvement project; or, (Core)
	preparation and presentation of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine-related topic at a state, regional, or national meeting. (Core)	4.15.a.	• preparation and presentation of a neuromusculoskeletal medicine-related topic at a state, regional, or national meeting. (Core)
IV.D.3.a).(2)	Residents must participate in local, state, and/or national professional organizations. (Core)	4.15.b.	Residents must participate in local, state, and/or national professional organizations. (Core)
V.	Evaluation	Section 5	Section 5: Evaluation
V.A.	Resident Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.	Feedback and Evaluation	5.1.	Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar educational assignment. (Core)
	Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar		Resident Evaluation: Feedback and Evaluation Faculty members must directly observe, evaluate, and frequently provide feedback on resident performance during each rotation or similar
V.A.1.a)	educational assignment. (Core)	5.1.	educational assignment. (Core)
	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)	5.1.a.	Evaluation must be documented at the completion of the assignment. (Core)
V.A.1.b).(1)	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)	5.1.a.1.	For block rotations of greater than three months in duration, evaluation must be documented at least every three months. (Core)

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V.A.1.b).(2)	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)	5.1.a.2.	Longitudinal experiences, such as continuity clinic in the context of other clinical responsibilities, must be evaluated at least every three months and at completion. (Core)
V.A.1.c)	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones, and must: (Core)	5.1.b.	The program must provide an objective performance evaluation based on the Competencies and the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(1)	use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members); and, (Core)	5.1.b.1.	The program must use multiple evaluators (e.g., faculty members, peers, patients, self, and other professional staff members). (Core)
V.A.1.c).(2)	provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)	5.1.b.2.	The program must provide that information to the Clinical Competency Committee for its synthesis of progressive resident performance and improvement toward unsupervised practice. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(3)	include a national objective, secure, and proctored neuromusculoskeletal medicine examination that is annually administered as a component in assessing the resident's medical knowledge in neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)	5.1.b.3.	The program must include a national objective, secure, and proctored neuromusculoskeletal medicine examination that is annually administered as a component in assessing the resident's medical knowledge in neuromusculoskeletal medicine. (Core)
V.A.1.c).(3).(a)	The program director must review the results of the annual in-training examination with each resident by the end of the program year. (Core)	5.1.b.3.a.	The program director must review the results of the annual in-training examination with each resident by the end of the program year. (Core)
V.A.1.d)	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must:	[None]	
V.A.1.d).(1)	meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones; (Core)	5.1.c.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must meet with and review with each resident their documented semi-annual evaluation of performance, including progress along the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(2)	assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth; and, (Core)	5.1.d.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must assist residents in developing individualized learning plans to capitalize on their strengths and identify areas for growth. (Core)
V.A.1.d).(3)	develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)	5.1.e.	The program director or their designee, with input from the Clinical Competency Committee, must develop plans for residents failing to progress, following institutional policies and procedures. (Core)
V.A.1.e)	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)	5.1.f.	At least annually, there must be a summative evaluation of each resident that includes their readiness to progress to the next year of the program, if applicable. (Core)
V.A.1.f)	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)	5.1.g.	The evaluations of a resident's performance must be accessible for review by the resident. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.	Final Evaluation	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
			Resident Evaluation: Final Evaluation
V.A.2.a)	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.	The program director must provide a final evaluation for each resident upon completion of the program. (Core)

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V.A.2.a).(1)	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to	5.2.a.	The specialty-specific Milestones, and when applicable the specialty-specific Case Logs, must be used as tools to ensure residents are able to engage in autonomous practice upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2)	The final evaluation must:	[None]	
V.A.2.a).(2).(a)	become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy; (Core)	5.2.b.	The final evaluation must become part of the resident's permanent record maintained by the institution, and must be accessible for review by the resident in accordance with institutional policy. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(b)	verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice; and, (Core)	5.2.c.	The final evaluation must verify that the resident has demonstrated the knowledge, skills, and behaviors necessary to enter autonomous practice. (Core)
V.A.2.a).(2).(c)	be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)	5.2.d.	The final evaluation must be shared with the resident upon completion of the program. (Core)
V.A.3.	A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)	5.3.	Clinical Competency Committee A Clinical Competency Committee must be appointed by the program director. (Core)
V.A.3.a)	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)	5.3.a.	At a minimum, the Clinical Competency Committee must include three members of the program faculty, at least one of whom is a core faculty member. (Core)
V.A.3.a).(1)	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)	5.3.b.	Additional members must be faculty members from the same program or other programs, or other health professionals who have extensive contact and experience with the program's residents. (Core)
V.A.3.b)	The Clinical Competency Committee must:	[None]	
V.A.3.b).(1)	review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually; (Core)	5.3.c.	The Clinical Competency Committee must review all resident evaluations at least semi-annually. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(2)	determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty- specific Milestones; and, (Core)	5.3.d.	The Clinical Competency Committee must determine each resident's progress on achievement of the specialty-specific Milestones. (Core)
V.A.3.b).(3)	meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)	5.3.e.	The Clinical Competency Committee must meet prior to the residents' semi-annual evaluations and advise the program director regarding each resident's progress. (Core)
V.B.	Faculty Evaluation	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.	The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)	5.4.	Faculty Evaluation The program must have a process to evaluate each faculty member's performance as it relates to the educational program at least annually. (Core)
V.B.1.a)	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)	5.4.a.	This evaluation must include a review of the faculty member's clinical teaching abilities, engagement with the educational program, participation in faculty development related to their skills as an educator, clinical performance, professionalism, and scholarly activities. (Core)
V.B.1.b)	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)	5.4.b.	This evaluation must include written, anonymous, and confidential evaluations by the residents. (Core)
V.B.2.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)	5.4.c.	Faculty members must receive feedback on their evaluations at least annually. (Core)

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110111001	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into	rtoquiromont rtumbor	Results of the faculty educational evaluations should be incorporated into
V.B.3.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)	5.4.d.	program-wide faculty development plans. (Core)
v.c.	Program Evaluation and Improvement	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.	The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)	5.5.	Program Evaluation and Improvement The program director must appoint the Program Evaluation Committee to conduct and document the Annual Program Evaluation as part of the program's continuous improvement process. (Core)
V.C.1.a)	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)	5.5.a.	The Program Evaluation Committee must be composed of at least two program faculty members, at least one of whom is a core faculty member, and at least one resident. (Core)
V.C.1.b)	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include:	[None]	(* 5.5)
V.C.1.b).(1)	review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them; (Core)	5.5.b.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the program's self-determined goals and progress toward meeting them. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(2)	guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes; and, (Core)	5.5.c.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include guiding ongoing program improvement, including development of new goals, based upon outcomes. (Core)
V.C.1.b).(3)	review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)	5.5.d.	Program Evaluation Committee responsibilities must include review of the current operating environment to identify strengths, challenges, opportunities, and threats as related to the program's mission and aims. (Core)
V.C.1.c)	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)	5.5.e.	The Program Evaluation Committee should consider the outcomes from prior Annual Program Evaluation(s), aggregate resident and faculty written evaluations of the program, and other relevant data in its assessment of the program. (Core)
V.C.1.d)	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)	5.5.f.	The Program Evaluation Committee must evaluate the program's mission and aims, strengths, areas for improvement, and threats. (Core)
V.C.1.e)	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.g.	The Annual Program Evaluation, including the action plan, must be distributed to and discussed with the residents and the members of the teaching faculty, and be submitted to the DIO. (Core)
V.C.2.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)	5.5.h.	The program must complete a Self-Study and submit it to the DIO. (Core)
	One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.		Board Certification One goal of ACGME-accredited education is to educate physicians who seek and achieve board certification. One measure of the effectiveness of the educational program is the ultimate pass rate.
V.C.3.	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.	[None]	The program director should encourage all eligible program graduates to take the certifying examination offered by the applicable American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS) member board or American Osteopathic Association (AOA) certifying board.

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	
V.C.3.a)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.	Board Certification For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual written exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.b)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.a.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial written exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.c)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.b.	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) an annual oral exam, in the preceding three years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.d)	For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)		For specialties in which the ABMS member board and/or AOA certifying board offer(s) a biennial oral exam, in the preceding six years, the program's aggregate pass rate of those taking the examination for the first time must be higher than the bottom fifth percentile of programs in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.e)	For each of the exams referenced in V.C.3.a)-d), any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)	5.6.d.	For each of the exams referenced in 5.6.ac., any program whose graduates over the time period specified in the requirement have achieved an 80 percent pass rate will have met this requirement, no matter the percentile rank of the program for pass rate in that specialty. (Outcome)
V.C.3.f)	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)	5.6.e.	Programs must report, in ADS, board certification status annually for the cohort of board-eligible residents that graduated seven years earlier. (Core)

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			Section 6: The Learning and Working Environment
	The Learning and Working Environment		The Learning and Working Environment
	Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:		Residency education must occur in the context of a learning and working environment that emphasizes the following principles:
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by residents today
	Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice		Excellence in the safety and quality of care rendered to patients by today's residents in their future practice
	Excellence in professionalism		Excellence in professionalism
	Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients		Appreciation for the privilege of caring for patients
VI.	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team	Section 6	Commitment to the well-being of the students, residents, faculty members, and all members of the health care team
VI.A.	Patient Safety, Quality Improvement, Supervision, and Accountability	[None]	
VI.A.1.	Patient Safety and Quality Improvement	[None]	
VI.A.1.a)	Patient Safety	[None]	
VI.A.1.a).(1)	A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.	[None]	Culture of Safety A culture of safety requires continuous identification of vulnerabilities and a willingness to transparently deal with them. An effective organization has formal mechanisms to assess the knowledge, skills, and attitudes of its personnel toward safety in order to identify areas for improvement.
VI.A.1.a).(1).(a)	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)	6.1.	The program, its faculty, residents, and fellows must actively participate in patient safety systems and contribute to a culture of safety. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2) VI.A.1.a).(2).(a)	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members	[None]	Patient Safety Events Reporting, investigation, and follow-up of safety events, near misses, and unsafe conditions are pivotal mechanisms for improving patient safety, and are essential for the success of any patient safety program. Feedback and experiential learning are essential to developing true competence in the ability to identify causes and institute sustainable systems-based changes to ameliorate patient safety vulnerabilities.

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VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(i)	know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events; and, (Core)	6.2.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must know their responsibilities in reporting patient safety events and unsafe conditions at the clinical site, including how to report such events. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(a).(ii)	be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)	6.2.a.	Residents, fellows, faculty members, and other clinical staff members must be provided with summary information of their institution's patient safety reports. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(2).(b)	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)	6.3.	Residents must participate as team members in real and/or simulated interprofessional clinical patient safety and quality improvement activities, such as root cause analyses or other activities that include analysis, as well as formulation and implementation of actions. (Core)
VI.A.1.a).(3)	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.	[None]	Quality Metrics Access to data is essential to prioritizing activities for care improvement and evaluating success of improvement efforts.
VI.A.1.a).(3).(a)	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)	6.4.	Residents and faculty members must receive data on quality metrics and benchmarks related to their patient populations. (Core)
VI.A.2.	Supervision and Accountability	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.
VI.A.2.a)	Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.	[None]	Supervision and Accountability Although the attending physician is ultimately responsible for the care of the patient, every physician shares in the responsibility and accountability for their efforts in the provision of care. Effective programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, define, widely communicate, and monitor a structured chain of responsibility and accountability as it relates to the supervision of all patient care. Supervision in the setting of graduate medical education provides safe and effective care to patients; ensures each resident's development of the skills, knowledge, and attitudes required to enter the unsupervised practice of medicine; and establishes a foundation for continued professional growth.

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.A.2.a).(1)	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care.	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(1).(a)	This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)	6.5.	Residents and faculty members must inform each patient of their respective roles in that patient's care when providing direct patient care. This information must be available to residents, faculty members, other members of the health care team, and patients. (Core)
VI.A.2.a).(2)	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)	6.6.	The program must demonstrate that the appropriate level of supervision in place for all residents is based on each resident's level of training and ability, as well as patient complexity and acuity. Supervision may be exercised through a variety of methods, as appropriate to the situation. (Core)
	Levels of Supervision		
VI.A.2.b)	To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision:	[None]	Levels of Supervision To promote appropriate resident supervision while providing for graded authority and responsibility, the program must use the following classification of supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(1)	Direct Supervision:	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a)	the supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.	6.7.	Direct Supervision The supervising physician is physically present with the resident during the key portions of the patient interaction.
VI.A.2.b).(1).(a).(i)	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in VI.A.2.b).(1).(a). (Core)	6.7.a.	PGY-1 residents must initially be supervised directly, only as described in the above definition. (Core)
VI.A.2.b).(2)	Indirect Supervision: the supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.	[None]	Indirect Supervision The supervising physician is not providing physical or concurrent visual or audio supervision but is immediately available to the resident for guidance and is available to provide appropriate direct supervision.
VI.A.2.b).(3)	Oversight – the supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.	[None]	Oversight The supervising physician is available to provide review of procedures/encounters with feedback provided after care is delivered.
VI.A.2.c)	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)	6.8.	The program must define when physical presence of a supervising physician is required. (Core)
VI.A.2.d)	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)	6.9.	The privilege of progressive authority and responsibility, conditional independence, and a supervisory role in patient care delegated to each resident must be assigned by the program director and faculty members. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(1)	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)	6.9.a.	The program director must evaluate each resident's abilities based on specific criteria, guided by the Milestones. (Core)
VI.A.2.d).(2)	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)	6.9.b.	Faculty members functioning as supervising physicians must delegate portions of care to residents based on the needs of the patient and the skills of each resident. (Core)

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	Requirement Language Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)	6.9.c.	Requirement Language Senior residents or fellows should serve in a supervisory role to junior residents in recognition of their progress toward independence, based on the needs of each patient and the skills of the individual resident or fellow. (Detail)
, , ,	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s).	6.10.	Programs must set guidelines for circumstances and events in which residents must communicate with the supervising faculty member(s). (Core)
VI.A.2.e).(1)	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with	6.10.a.	Each resident must know the limits of their scope of authority, and the circumstances under which the resident is permitted to act with conditional independence. (Outcome)
	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)	6.11.	Faculty supervision assignments must be of sufficient duration to assess the knowledge and skills of each resident and to delegate to the resident the appropriate level of patient care authority and responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.	Professionalism	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)	6.12.	Professionalism Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must educate residents and faculty members concerning the professional and ethical responsibilities of physicians, including but not limited to their obligation to be appropriately rested and fit to provide the care required by their patients. (Core)
VI.B.2.	The learning objectives of the program must:	[None]	
VI.B.2.a)	be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations; (Core)	6.12.a.	The learning objectives of the program must be accomplished without excessive reliance on residents to fulfill non-physician obligations. (Core)
VI.B.2.b)	ensure manageable patient care responsibilities; and, (Core)	6.12.b.	The learning objectives of the program must ensure manageable patient care responsibilities. (Core)
VI.B.2.c)	include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)	6.12.c.	The learning objectives of the program must include efforts to enhance the meaning that each resident finds in the experience of being a physician, including protecting time with patients, providing administrative support, promoting progressive independence and flexibility, and enhancing professional relationships. (Core)
VI.B.3.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)	6.12.d.	The program director, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must provide a culture of professionalism that supports patient safety and personal responsibility. (Core)
VI.B.4.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)	6.12.e.	Residents and faculty members must demonstrate an understanding of their personal role in the safety and welfare of patients entrusted to their care, including the ability to report unsafe conditions and safety events. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.B.5.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must provide a professional, equitable, respectful, and civil environment that is psychologically safe and that is free from discrimination, sexual and other forms of harassment, mistreatment, abuse, or coercion of students, residents, faculty, and staff. (Core)
VI.B.6.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)	6.12.g.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, should have a process for education of residents and faculty regarding unprofessional behavior and a confidential process for reporting, investigating, and addressing such concerns. (Core)
	Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression.		Well-Being Psychological, emotional, and physical well-being are critical in the development of the competent, caring, and resilient physician and require proactive attention to life inside and outside of medicine. Well-being requires that physicians retain the joy in medicine while managing their own real-life stresses. Self-care and responsibility to support other members of the health care team are important components of professionalism; they are also skills that must be modeled, learned, and nurtured in the context of other aspects of residency training. Residents and faculty members are at risk for burnout and depression.
VI.C.	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.	[None]	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, have the same responsibility to address well-being as other aspects of resident competence. Physicians and all members of the health care team share responsibility for the well-being of each other. A positive culture in a clinical learning environment models constructive behaviors, and prepares residents with the skills and attitudes needed to thrive throughout their careers.
VI.C.1.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:	6.13.	The responsibility of the program, in partnership with the Sponsoring Institution, must include:
VI.C.1.a)	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)	6.13.a.	attention to scheduling, work intensity, and work compression that impacts resident well-being; (Core)
VI.C.1.b)	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)	6.13.b.	evaluating workplace safety data and addressing the safety of residents and faculty members; (Core)
VI.C.1.c)	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)	6.13.c.	policies and programs that encourage optimal resident and faculty member well-being; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.c).(1)	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)	6.13.c.1.	Residents must be given the opportunity to attend medical, mental health, and dental care appointments, including those scheduled during their working hours. (Core)
VI.C.1.d)	education of residents and faculty members in:	6.13.d.	education of residents and faculty members in:
VI.C.1.d).(1)	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)	6.13.d.1.	identification of the symptoms of burnout, depression, and substance use disorders, suicidal ideation, or potential for violence, including means to assist those who experience these conditions; (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(2)	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)	6.13.d.2.	recognition of these symptoms in themselves and how to seek appropriate care; and, (Core)
VI.C.1.d).(3)	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)	6.13.d.3.	access to appropriate tools for self-screening. (Core)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
Number	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,	Requirement Number	providing access to confidential, affordable mental health assessment,
	counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care		counseling, and treatment, including access to urgent and emergent care
VI.C.1.e)	24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)	6.13.e.	24 hours a day, seven days a week. (Core)
	There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and		There are circumstances in which residents may be unable to attend work, including but not limited to fatigue, illness, family emergencies, and
	medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an		medical, parental, or caregiver leave. Each program must allow an
	appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient		appropriate length of absence for residents unable to perform their patient
VI.C.2.	. ,	6.14.	care responsibilities. (Core)
VI C 2 a)	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure	6 4 4 6	The program must have policies and procedures in place to ensure
VI.C.2.a)	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core) These policies must be implemented without fear of negative	6.14.a.	coverage of patient care and ensure continuity of patient care. (Core) These policies must be implemented without fear of negative
	consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical		consequences for the resident who is or was unable to provide the clinical
VI.C.2.b)	work. (Core)	6.14.b.	work. (Core)
			Fatigue Mitigation
			Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
VI.D.	Fatigue Mitigation	6.15.	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
			Fatigue Mitigation
	Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition		Programs must educate all residents and faculty members in recognition
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and		of the signs of fatigue and sleep deprivation, alertness management, and
VI.D.1.		6.15.	fatigue mitigation processes. (Detail)
	The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who		The program, in partnership with its Sponsoring Institution, must ensure adequate sleep facilities and safe transportation options for residents who
VI.D.2.		6.16.	may be too fatigued to safely return home. (Core)
VI.E.	Clinical Responsibilities, Teamwork, and Transitions of Care	[None]	
	Clinical Responsibilities		Clinical Responsibilities
	The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level, patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient		The clinical responsibilities for each resident must be based on PGY level,
VI.E.1.	illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)	6.17.	patient safety, resident ability, severity and complexity of patient illness/condition, and available support services. (Core)
	Teamwork		положения положения в положени
			Teamwork
	Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes		Residents must care for patients in an environment that maximizes
VI.E.2.	communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)	6.18.	communication and promotes safe, interprofessional, team-based care in the specialty and larger health system. (Core)
VI.L.E.	and appealancy and larger health system. (Oute)	0.10.	Transitions of Care
			Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in
VI.E.3.	Transitions of Care	6.19.	patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
			Transitions of Care
VI.E.3.a)	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)	6.19.	Programs must design clinical assignments to optimize transitions in patient care, including their safety, frequency, and structure. (Core)
τ	Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure		Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must ensure
	and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both		and monitor effective, structured hand-off processes to facilitate both
VI.E.3.b)		6.19.a.	continuity of care and patient safety. (Core)
\(\(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating	C 40 h	Programs must ensure that residents are competent in communicating
VI.E.3.c)	with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)	6.19.b.	with team members in the hand-off process. (Outcome)

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Requirement Number	Requirement Language	Reformatted Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable	[None]	Clinical Experience and Education Programs, in partnership with their Sponsoring Institutions, must design an effective program structure that is configured to provide residents with educational and clinical experience opportunities, as well as reasonable opportunities for rest and personal activities.
VI.F.1.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all inhouse clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)	6.20.	Maximum Hours of Clinical and Educational Work per Week Clinical and educational work hours must be limited to no more than 80 hours per week, averaged over a four-week period, inclusive of all in- house clinical and educational activities, clinical work done from home, and all moonlighting. (Core)
VI.F.2.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.a)	Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)	6.21.	Mandatory Time Free of Clinical Work and Education Residents should have eight hours off between scheduled clinical work and education periods. (Detail)
VI.F.2.b)	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)	6.21.a.	Residents must have at least 14 hours free of clinical work and education after 24 hours of in-house call. (Core)
VI.F.2.c)	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)	6.21.b.	Residents must be scheduled for a minimum of one day in seven free of clinical work and required education (when averaged over four weeks). Athome call cannot be assigned on these free days. (Core)
VI.F.3.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a)	Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)	6.22.	Maximum Clinical Work and Education Period Length Clinical and educational work periods for residents must not exceed 24 hours of continuous scheduled clinical assignments. (Core)
VI.F.3.a).(1)	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)	6.22.a.	Up to four hours of additional time may be used for activities related to patient safety, such as providing effective transitions of care, and/or resident education. Additional patient care responsibilities must not be assigned to a resident during this time. (Core)
VI.F.4.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)

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Number	Requirement Language	Requirement Number	Requirement Language
VI.F.4.a)	In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)	6.23.	Clinical and Educational Work Hour Exceptions In rare circumstances, after handing off all other responsibilities, a resident, on their own initiative, may elect to remain or return to the clinical site in the following circumstances: to continue to provide care to a single severely ill or unstable patient; to give humanistic attention to the needs of a patient or patient's family; or to attend unique educational events. (Detail)
VI.F.4.b)	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)	6.23.a.	These additional hours of care or education must be counted toward the 80-hour weekly limit. (Detail)
VI.F.4.c)	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.	6.24.	A Review Committee may grant rotation-specific exceptions for up to 10 percent or a maximum of 88 clinical and educational work hours to individual programs based on a sound educational rationale. The Review Committee for Osteopathic Neuromusculoskeletal Medicine will not consider requests for exceptions to the 80-hour limit to the residents' work week.
VI.F.5.	Moonlighting	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.a)	Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient	6.25.	Moonlighting Moonlighting must not interfere with the ability of the resident to achieve the goals and objectives of the educational program, and must not interfere with the resident's fitness for work nor compromise patient safety. (Core)
VI.F.5.b) VI.F.5.c)	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour	6.25.a. 6.25.b.	Time spent by residents in internal and external moonlighting (as defined in the ACGME Glossary of Terms) must be counted toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. (Core) PGY-1 residents are not permitted to moonlight. (Core)
VI.F.6.	In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-		In-House Night Float Night float must occur within the context of the 80-hour and one-day-off-in-seven requirements. (Core)
VI.F.7.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)	6.27.	Maximum In-House On-Call Frequency Residents must be scheduled for in-house call no more frequently than every third night (when averaged over a four-week period). (Core)
VI.F.8.	At-Home Call	6.28.	At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)

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	Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)		At-Home Call Time spent on patient care activities by residents on at-home call must count toward the 80-hour maximum weekly limit. The frequency of at-home call is not subject to the every-third-night limitation, but must satisfy the requirement for one day in seven free of clinical work and education, when averaged over four weeks. (Core)
VI.F.8.a).(1)	At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)		At-home call must not be so frequent or taxing as to preclude rest or reasonable personal time for each resident. (Core)